

37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45

Post See,



How Maps and Map Collecting Helped an Immigrant Find His Place in the World

New York Map Society, New York Public Library
January 26, 2016

Welcome to my home!

Please come inside.



“Crossing”



“Departure”



















DAMTC
MITGLIEDERZAUSGABE

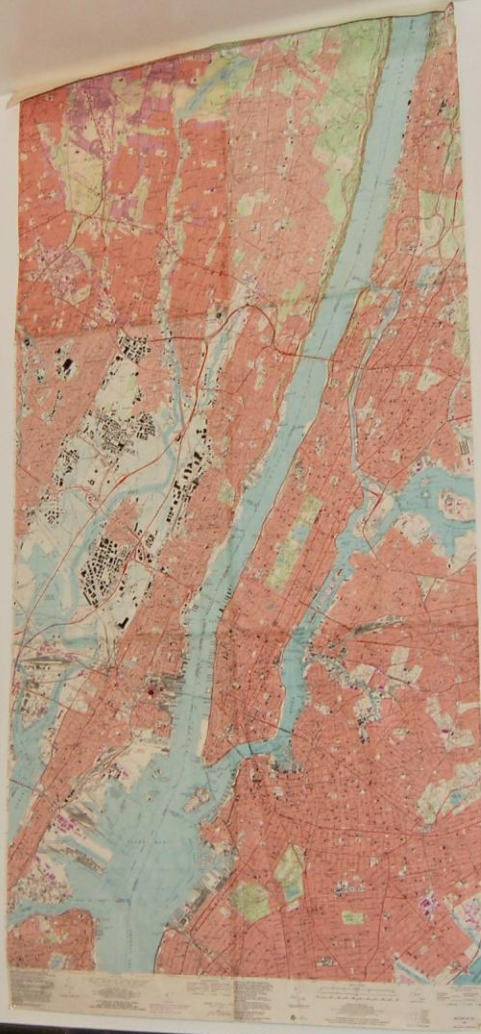
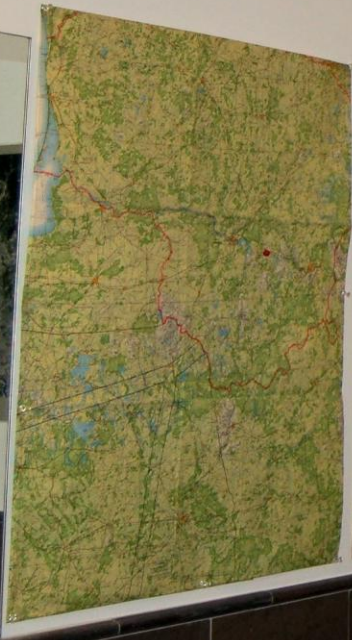
EUROPA
STRASSENKARTE
1:4 500 000

ZEICHENERKLÄRUNG LEGENDE

Symbol	Bedeutung
[Red line]	Autobahn
[Orange line]	Landesstraße
[Green line]	Landesstraße
[Blue line]	Landesstraße
[Black line]	Landesstraße
[Red dot]	Staatshauptstadt
[Orange dot]	Landeshauptstadt
[Green dot]	Landeshauptstadt
[Blue dot]	Landeshauptstadt
[Black dot]	Landeshauptstadt
[Red square]	Staatshauptstadt
[Orange square]	Landeshauptstadt
[Green square]	Landeshauptstadt
[Blue square]	Landeshauptstadt
[Black square]	Landeshauptstadt

VERMÄCHNISSE DER DAUPT

Die Karte zeigt die Verkehrsverbindungen zwischen den Hauptstädten der Länder. Die rote Linie stellt die direkte Verbindung dar, die orange Linie die Verbindung über ein Zwischenland, die grüne Linie die Verbindung über zwei Zwischenländer, die blaue Linie die Verbindung über drei Zwischenländer und die schwarze Linie die Verbindung über vier Zwischenländer.





NEW YORK – FROM SPACE

- City of New York, Albany District**
1. 1395-1394 118.1° 27' W, between 1° and A (Lower East Side), NY
 2. 1394 - 1393, 1393, from 1393 University Ave. High Bridge Drive, NY
 3. 1393 - 7.17.20 131° Ave (Rochdale Village) Jamaica, NY
 4. 1371-1311 "Ave 24" St (Chelsea) NY
 5. 1377-1377 "Ave 24" St (Chelsea) NY
- City of New York, Manhattan District**
1. Mar. 1849 - 1963 52.20 Cornerport Ave., Queens (Bayside), NY
 2. 1963 - Aug. 1961 104.08 St Paul Street, Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 3. Sep. 1961 - January 1968 53.28 67 St, Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 4. Feb. - Mar. 1968 100 Ave 24th Street, Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 5. Jan. - Feb. 1970 60 St, Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 6. Mar. 1970 - May 1971 1365 Cornerport Ave., Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 7. Jan. - Feb. 1971 101 Ave 24th St, Queens (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 8. Sep. 1971 - Jan. 1972 520 E. 87 St, (B.C.) Lower East Side, Manhattan, NY
 9. Feb. 1972 - Oct. 1975 810 E. 87 St, (B.C.) Lower East Side, Manhattan, NY
- City of New York, Albany & Dutchess District**
1. Mar. 1849 - 1963 52.20 Cornerport Ave., Queens (Bayside), NY
 2. Feb. 1975 - Feb. 1976 155 West 237 St. (Flat District) Westchester, NY
 3. Mar. 1976 - Feb. 1977 8 West 237 St. (Flat District) Westchester, NY
 4. Mar. 1977 - Nov. 1978 52.27 367 Ave., Sunnyside, NY
 5. Aug. 23 2000 - Sep. 28 2000 184 St. (Flushing Meadows Park), NY
 6. Sep. 28 2000 - Jan. 1 2007 79.12 River Rd. # 414, North Bergen, NJ
 7. Jan. 1 2007 to present 79.12 River Rd. # 414, North Bergen, NJ
- City of New York, Albany, Dutchess & Westchester District**
1. Dec. 1970 - Mar. 1980 130.27 St. (Flat District) Westchester, NY
 2. Apr. 1981 - Mar. 1989 7 Green Tree Lane, Westchester, NY
 3. Apr. 1989 - Aug. 22 2000 183 Woodland Ave., Westchester, NY
- City of New York, Albany & Dutchess District**
1. Dec. 2011 - Nov. 2013 124 60 Queens Blvd., Apt. 4A, Forest Hills, NY
 2. Nov. 2013 to present 13 13 Broadway, Apt. 208, Astoria, NY

Yellow Pins: Aileen Bassis

1. Until 1954: 116 E. 2nd St., between 1st and A (**Lower East Side**), NY
2. 1954 – 1965: 1065, then 1095 University Ave. (**High Bridge**) Bronx, NY
3. 1965 – ? : 172-20 133rd Ave., (**Rochdale Village**) Jamaica, NY
4. 1971: 351 West 24th St. (**Chelsea**), NY
5. (1971-1972: **Provincetown**, MA)

Blue Pins: Andrew Kapochunas

1. Mar. 1949 – 1953: 32-20 Greenpoint Ave., Queens (**Blissville**), NY
2. 1953 – Aug. 1961: 59-56 56th Road, Maspeth , Queens (**Polack Alley**), NY
3. Sep. 1961 – January 1969: 53-128 63rd St., Maspeth, Queens (**Maurice Park**) , NY
4. Feb. – May 1969: Rm. 248, Paul Fleischmann Heim, Iranische Str. 6, Wedding, **Berlin**, Germany
5. Jan. – Feb. 1970: 56-54 Remsen Pl., **Maspeth**, Queens, NY
6. Mar. 1970 – May 1971: 1865 University Ave., (**Morris Heights**) Bronx, NY
7. Jun. – Sep. 1971: 101 West 85th St. (**Upper West Side**) Manhattan, NY
8. Sep. 1971 – Jun. 1972: 620 E. 9th St. (B & C), (**Lower East Side**), Manhattan, NY
9. Jul. 1972 – Oct. 1972: 618A E 9th St., (B & C) (**Storefront**), Manhattan, NY

Big Red Pins: Aileen & Andrew

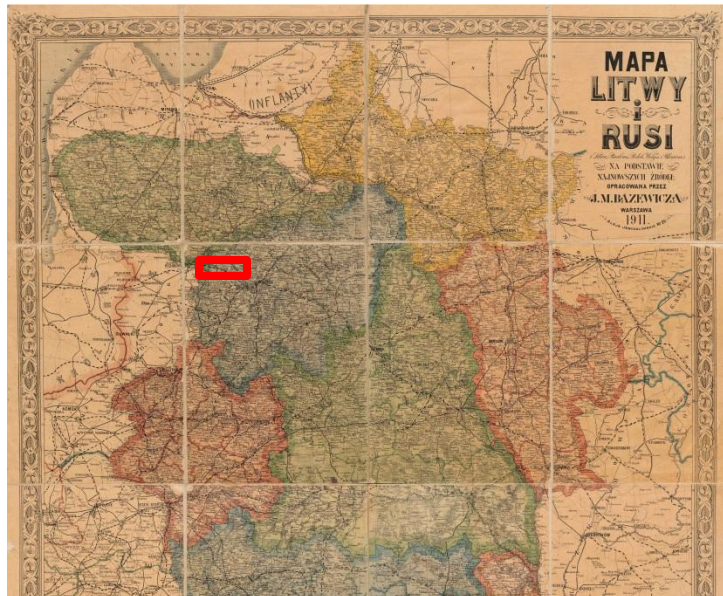
1. Nov. 1972 – Jan. 1975: 97 Perry St. (Bleecker & Hudson) (**Greenwich Village**), NY
2. Feb. 1975 – Feb. 1976: 165 West 29th St., (**Fur District loft/firehouse**), NY
3. Mar. 1976 – Feb. 1977: 8 West 75th St. (**Upper West Side**), NY
4. Mar. 1977 – Nov. 1979: 52-27 39th Ave., **Sunnyside**, NY
5. Aug. 23, 2000 – Sep. 28, 2006: 884 Bellis Parkway, **Oradell**, NJ
6. Sep. 29, 2006 – Jun. 1, 2007: 7912 River Rd., # 414, **North Bergen**, NJ
7. Jun. 2, 2007 to present: 234 10th St., # 301, **Jersey City**, NJ

Big White Pins: Aileen, Andrew, Rachel & Simon

1. Dec. 1979 – Mar. 1983: 39-21 45th Street, **Sunnyside**, NY
2. Apr. 1983 – Mar. 1989: 7 Green Tree Lane, **Stamford**, Conn.
3. Apr. 1989 – Aug. 22, 2000: 163 Woodland Ave., **Ridgewood**, NJ

Little White Pins: Simon & Christina Kapochunas

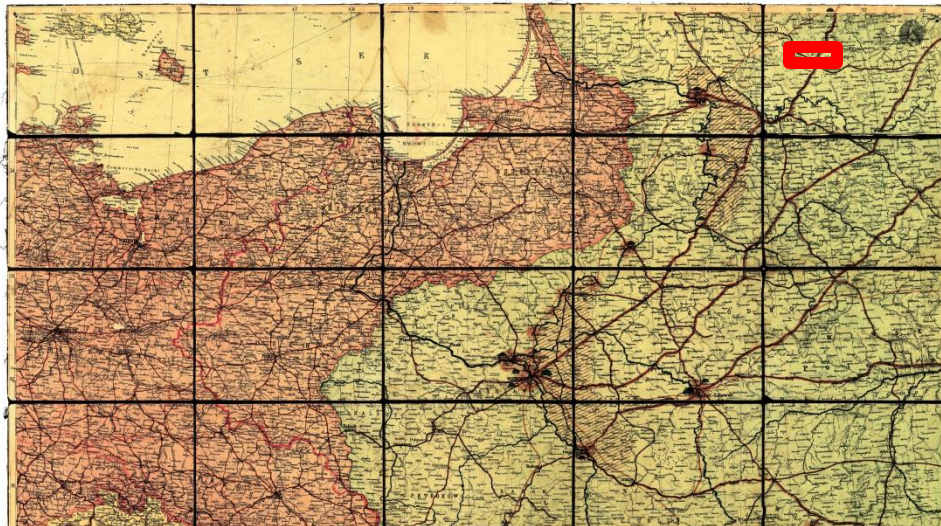
1. Dec. 2011 – Nov. 2013: 104-60 Queens Blvd., Apt. 4A, **Forest Hills**, NY
2. Nov. 2013 to present: 12-15 Broadway, Apt. 206, **Astoria**, NY



1911 Józef Michał Bazewicz : "Mapa Litwy i Rusi," Warsaw, showing Russian Gubernii with labels in Polish. From the Wroblewski Library of the Lithuanian Academy of Sciences: elibrary.mab.lt/

“Żyźmory,” 1911





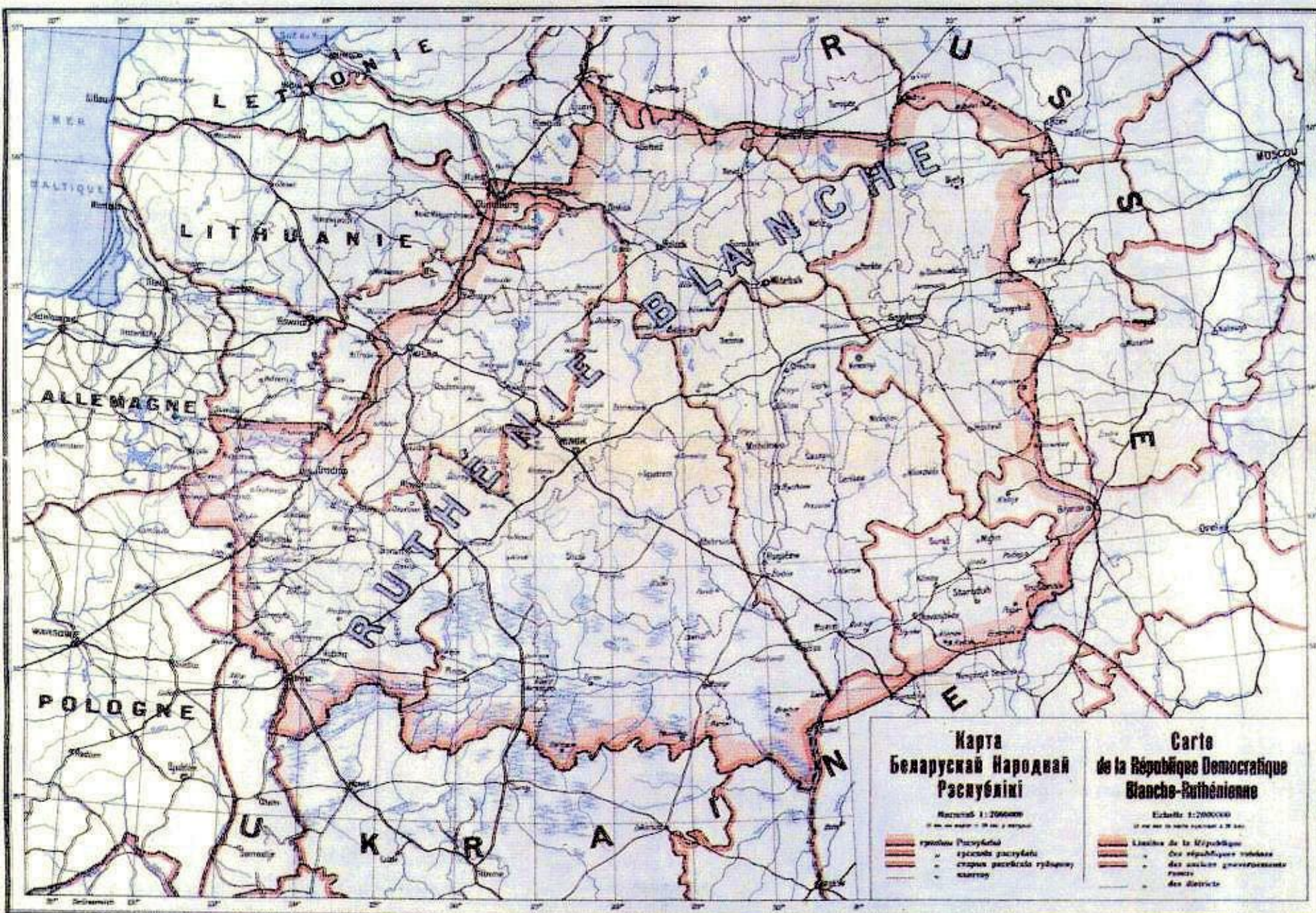
1915 (Anon.) "Russische Festungen" (*Russian Forts*), published in Germany just months after the beginning of WWI, and just as the German army began invading Russia. This map appears designed to guide invasion strategy. Areas with diagonal lines are areas of Russian troop mobilization. From www.mapywig.org

“Shishmory,” 1915



Das Land Ober Ost





**Карта
Беларуской Народной
Республики**

Масштаб 1:2000000
1:1 см на карте = 20 км в натуре

- границы Республики
- границы районов
- старые границы губернии
- столица

**Carte
de la République Démocratique
Blanche-Ruthéniennne**

Echelle 1:2000000
1 cm sur la carte correspond à 20 km

- Limites de la République
- Ses subdivisions territoriales
- des anciennes gouvernements russes
- des districts

GERMANY: MAP OF THE OCCUPATION AREAS

KARTE DER BESATZUNGS-ZONEN



LEGEND • ERKLÄRUNG

BOUNDARIES • GRENZEN:

- GERMANY DEUTSCHLAND 1937
- OCCUPATION AREAS BESATZUNGSZONEN 1945
- PROVINCES • PROVINZEN

ZONES • ZONEN:

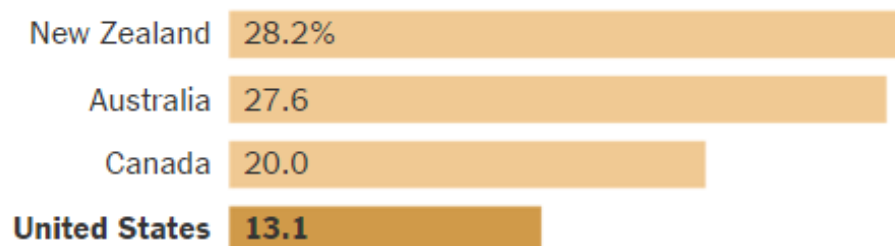
- AMERICAN ZONE • AMERIKANISCHE ZONE
- BRITISH ZONE • BRITISCHE ZONE
- FRENCH ZONE • FRANZÖSISCHE ZONE
- RUSSIAN ZONE • RUSSISCHE ZONE
- POLISH TERRITORY • POLNISCHES GEBIET

Alle Rechte vorbehalten.

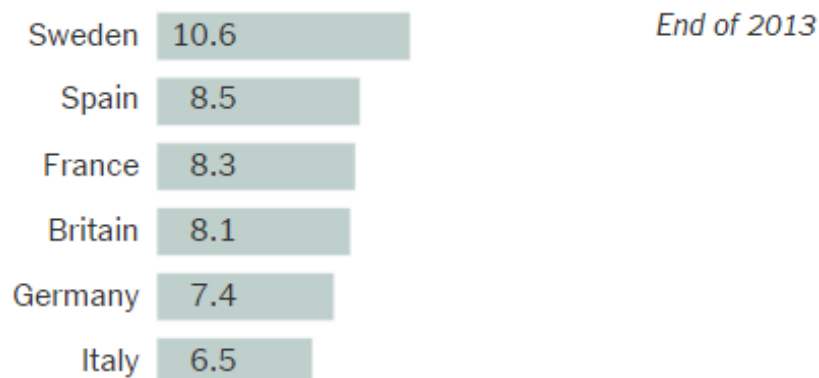
Immigrants in Our Midst

Europe has fewer foreign-born residents than the United States, or other countries like Canada or Australia.

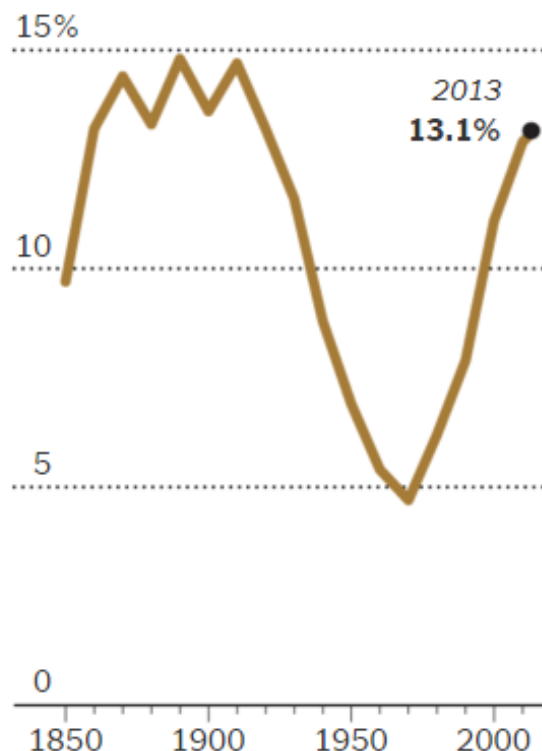
Share of the population born outside of the country 2013



Share of the population born outside of the European Union



Foreign-born, as a share of total U.S. population since 1850



Sources: O.E.C.D.; Eurostat; "The Integration of Immigrants Into American Society," National Academies Press, 2015

By The New York Times Dec. 9, 2015

E 1

Geburtsurkunde

(Standesamt _____ Nr. 630/1947 _____)

_____ Andrius Kapociunas, _____

ist am 7. September 1947 _____

in Kempten (Allgäu) _____ geboren.

Vater: Vincas Kapociunas, Buchhalter, wohnhaft in Kempten, _____
Schloßkaserne: _____

Mutter: Marija Kapociunas, geborene Simonyte, wohnhaft in _____
Kempten, Schloßkaserne. _____

Änderungen der Eintragung: _____

_____ den 9. September 19 47 _____

Gebühr: 0,30 RM
Reg. Nr. 1662
(Siegel)

Der Standesbeamte
in Vertretung:
Rutke

Verordnung 7. Geburtsurkunde (E 1)
B. Schäfer, Augsburg.

My birth certificate: September 7, 1947. It says that My father, Vincas, was an accountant residing in Kempten Castle Barracks – a Displaced Persons Camp for Estonians and Lithuanians.



***1948: Kempten DP Camp.
Marija Kapočiūnienė and Andrius***

THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA



No. A-338313

CERTIFICATE OF

CITIZENSHIP

Application No. A7 147 991

ORIGINAL

Personal description of holder as of date of issuance of this certificate: Sex male date of birth September 7, 1947
 country of birth Germany complexion fair color of eyes blue color of hair blond
 height 5 feet 0 inches weight 115 pounds visible distinctive marks none
 marital status single

I certify that the description above given is true, and that the photograph affixed hereto is a likeness of me.

Andrew Kapociunas
 (Complete and true signature of holder)



Be it known, that ANDREW KAPOCIUNAS
 now residing at 59-56 56th Road, Maspeth, New York
 having applied to the Commissioner of Immigration and Naturalization for a certificate of
 citizenship pursuant to Section 341 of the Immigration and Nationality Act having received
 the satisfaction of the Commissioner that he is now a citizen of the United States of America became
 a citizen thereof on April 26, 1955 and is now in the United States.

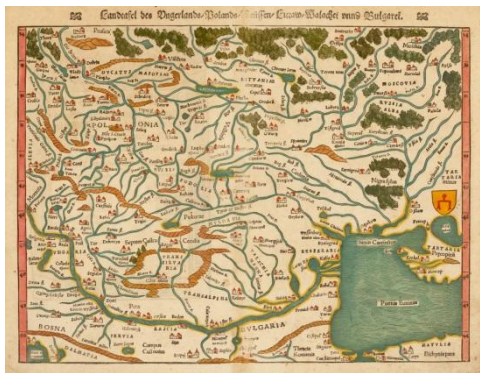
Not therefore in pursuance of the authority contained in Section 341 of the Immigration
 and Nationality Act, this certificate of citizenship is issued this 7th
 day of March in the year of our Lord nineteen hundred
 and fifty-eight and of our Independence the
one hundred and eighty second and the seal of the Department
 of Justice affixed pursuant to statute.

IT IS A VIOLATION OF THE U. S. CODE (AND PUNISHABLE AS SUCH) TO
 COPY, PRINT, PHOTOGRAPH, OR OTHERWISE ILLEGALLY USE THIS CERTIFICATE.

J. M. Swing
 COMMISSIONER

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

A March 1958 certificate saying that I became a US citizen on April 26, 1955, six years after I arrived in this country, at the age of seven.





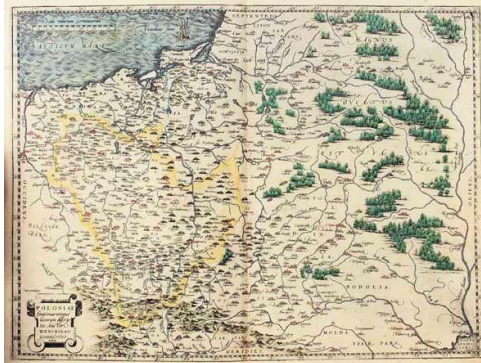
1570 *First edition, Antwerp*



1573



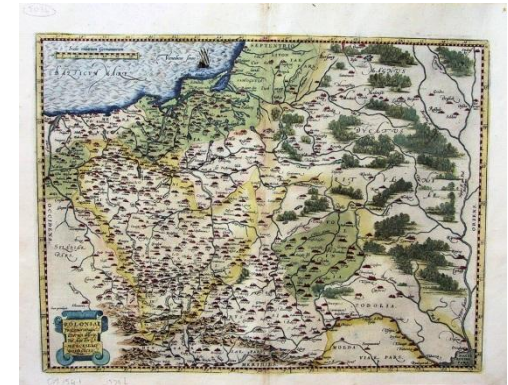
1576



1571



1574 AK-12



1579



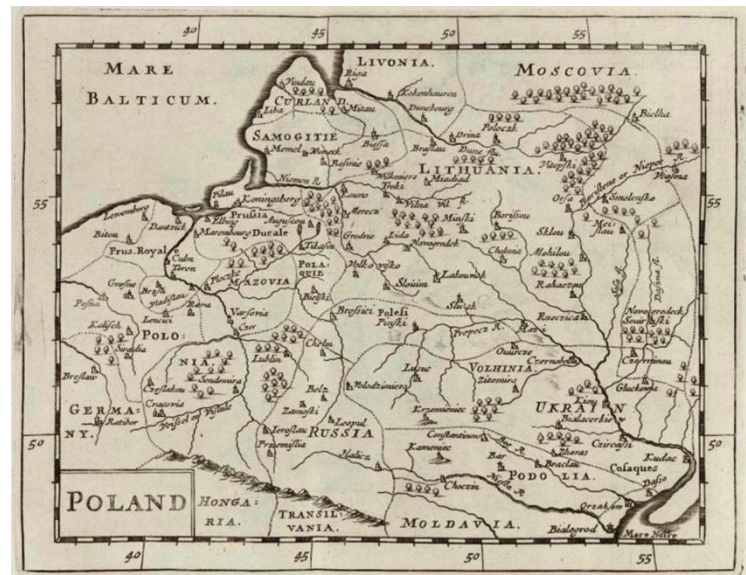
1572



1575

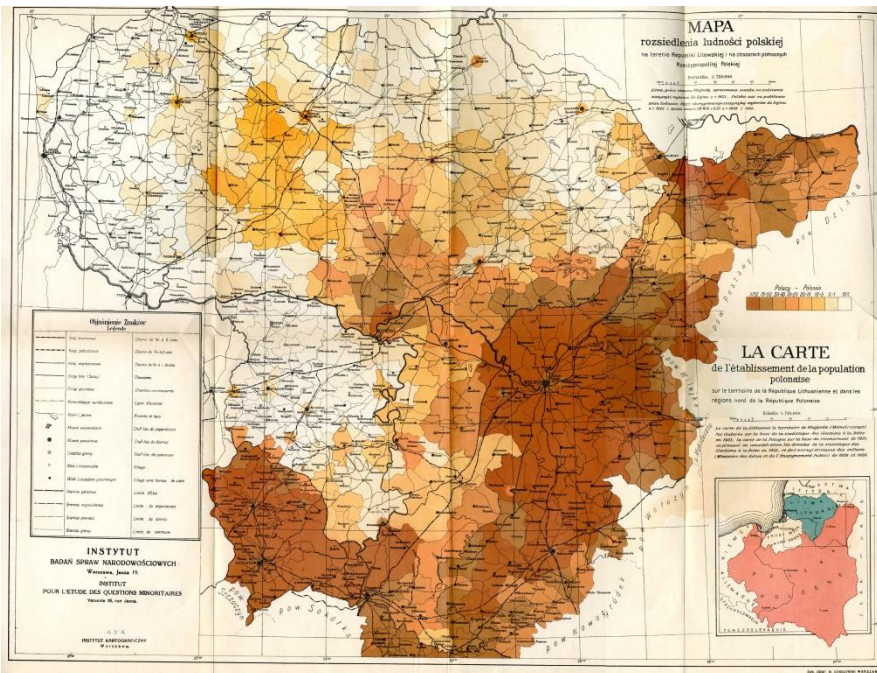
"Poloniae finitimarumque locorum descriptio."

*Engraver: Vaclovas Grodeckis
Publisher: Abraham Ortelius,
from his "Theatrum orbis terrarum," the first "real" atlas.*



Only a small portion of The New York Public Library's map collection has been digitized. These three sample map images are on my site, properly attributed.

1789 Samuel Dunn (mapmaker) – Robert Sayer (publisher): "A new map of the Kingdom of Poland..."



This 1929 Polish-produced map shows percentage of Poles in Lithuania – Poles who, the Polish government claimed, were oppressed by a Lithuanian government that refused to recognize Poland’s occupation of its historic capital.

MEMEL / KLAIPĖDA
PHILATELIC HANDBOOK,
PART 1:

John D. Neefus, PhD

Philately of
Memel/Klaipėda

Audrius Brazdelkis, Editor



Memel-Klaipėda Publishers
2015

CHAPTER 11

Revenue Stamps

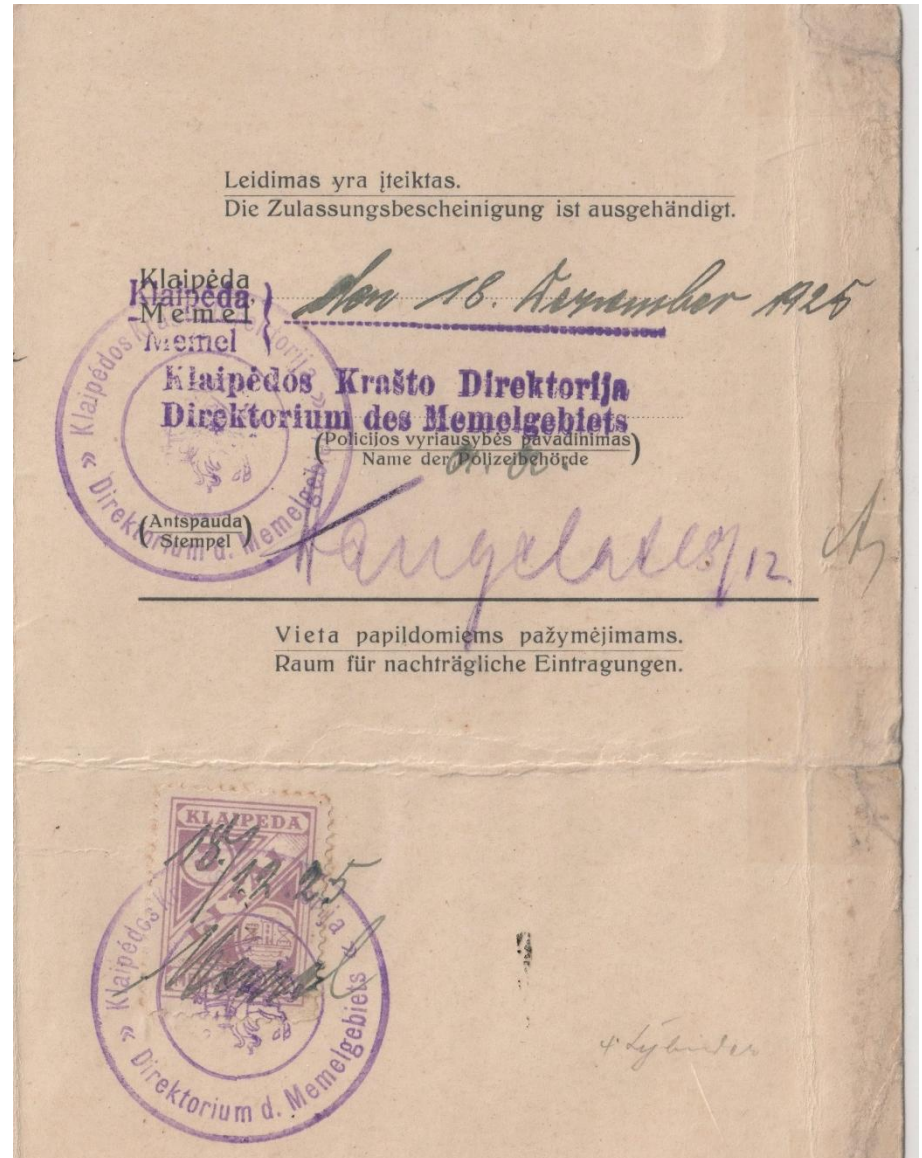
— Andrew Kapochunas

The Revenue Society (<http://www.revenuesociety.org.uk>) defines revenues as "...stamps, whether impressed, adhesive or otherwise, issued by or on behalf of International, National or Local Governments, their Licensees or Agents, and indicate that a tax, duty or fee has been paid or prepaid or that permission has been granted."

The Greek root definition of "philately" coined in 1864 (by M. Georges Herpin, writing in *Le Collectionneur de Timbres-Poste*), is "the love of being exempt from payment—expressed by pre-paying a tax." (*Until the advent of postage stamps, it was typically the receiver of a letter that had to pay for its delivery, a fee often based on the distance the letter travelled.*) By that definition, philately did not begin with the issuance of the first postage stamp—Britain's "Penny Black"—in May, 1840. By then, according to the American Revenue Association, tax—or revenue, or fiscal—stamps had been in use for over 200 years. Nevertheless, part of the reason their use became widespread in the 19th century was the success of the postage stamp. Another reason was a push to make government operations more efficient—a revenue stamp on a document showed that a necessary fee had already been paid.

Widely collected by philatelists before World War I, revenue stamps once were given the same status as postage stamps in catalogues and at exhibitions. They declined in popularity after the war, perhaps due to being crowded out of catalogues by the proliferation of postage stamp issues. A 1950's Stanley Gibbons children's stamp album warned: "Since Philately is the collecting of stamps that are employed in connection with the Posts, do not put in your album fiscals, telegraph stamps, tobacco-tax labels and other such strange things as are often found in some collections."

Revenue philately again has become popular: it now has its own FIP (Fédération Internationale de Philatélie) Commission and is an approved category in FIP-endorsed stamp exhibitions. While a number of specialist catalogs have featured the revenue stamps of Memel / Klaipėda (a summary of them follows), revenue stamps are not listed in either the Stanley Gibbons or Michel catalogs—unless they are both revenue and postage stamps. Both the standard Scott and the Scott Specialized US catalogues do list US revenue stamps.



SALAKAS MAIN PAGE	FAMILY STORIES AND PICTURES	MAPS	Zarasai District Research Group	LINKS	PICTURES	A SALAKAS STORY	REGISTRATION NUMBERS
1876 Salakas Surname Count	1876 Salakas Surnames & Registration Numbers	1887 Salakas Surnames Registration Numbers	1908 Salakas Surname Count	1908 Salakas Surnames & Registration Numbers	Kaunas Archives	Josef Rosin	Contact me

Salakas, Lithuania

Yiddish: סאַלאַק. Russian: Солоки.

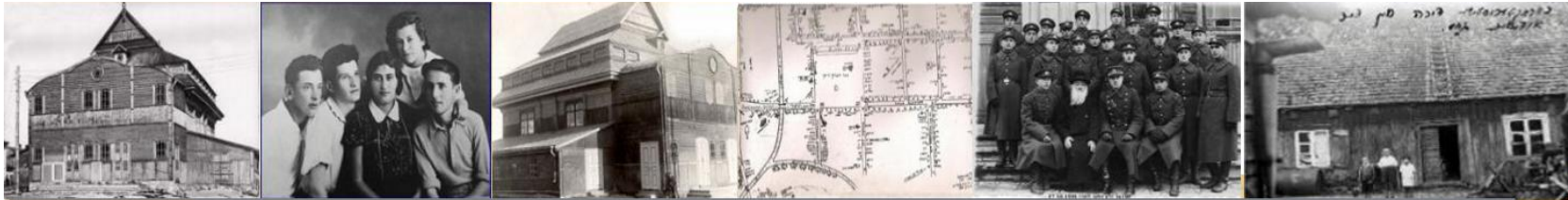
This web site is dedicated to my mother Mary Gamburg z"l (1923-1992), my grandfather and grandmother Ruvin Gamburg z"l (1892-1959) and Pessie Gamburg z"l (nee Gamus/Gamsu 1892-1935) and the study of Jewish family history in the town of Salakas, now in Lithuania, but formerly part of the Kovno Gubernia of the Russian Empire.

Other Names: [Salakas \[Lith\]](#), [Salak \[Yid\]](#), [Soloki \[Rus\]](#), [Soloki \[Pol\]](#)



1850 Map

All maps courtesy of Andrew Kapochunas
[Link to Andrew Kapochunas Maps](#)



- Pincus HaKihla
- Prussian administration 1793 -1805
- French Control
- Russian Rule 1815-1914
- World War 1
- Independent Lithuania
- Soviet Occupation 1940 -1941
- German Occupation 1941-1944
- The second Russian occupation 1944 -1989
- Independent Lithuania 1989
- Jewish donors to Persian Famine Relief



200 metų ažuolas. 200-year-old oak in Mažeikiai, Lithuania, by Aras Mileska

VILKAVISKIS

A small town in Southern Lithuania
Where the Jewish Community is no more
The Historical Maps of Vilkaiviskis



1704 Vilkaiviskis "quadrant detail"



Through the kindest and generosity of Mr. Andrew Kapochunas (Kapočiūnas) below are a series of historical maps showing Vilkaiviskis. You can see Andrews site at <http://lithuanianmaps.com/>



Edit Profile

> General

> Education

> Career

> Works

> Life Stance

> Personality

> Connections

> References

Andrew Kapochunas

marketing executive

Andrew Kapochunas, German marketing executive. Member Director Marketing Association, Amnesty International, Planned Parenthood.

Background

Kapochunas, Andrew was born on September 7, 1947 in Kempten, Germany. Came to the United States, 1949.

Education

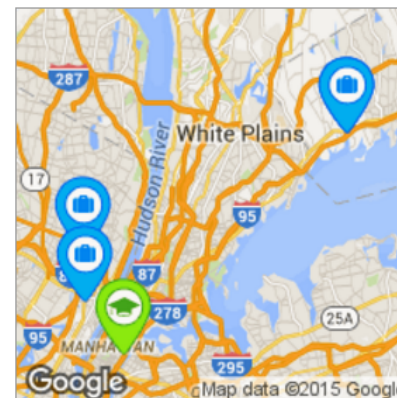
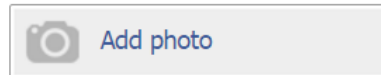
Bachelor, City University of New York, 1969.

Career

Manager customer service Academy Press, New York City, 1971-1972. Associate editor Capitalist Reporter, 1973. Public Clairborne News Service, 1974.

Research director Moneysworth Magazine, 1975, editor, 1976, American Business Magazine, 1977. Associate public, general manager Avant-Garde Media, Incorporated, New York York City, 1978-1982. Vice president List Services Corporation, Ridgefield, Connecticut, 1983-1985.

Vice president, general manager AZ Marketing Services, Incorporated, Cos Cob,



See on larger map

Born September 7, 1947 (age 68)

Nationality German

Ethnicity: German

1969 City University of New York

1971 - 1972 Manager , customer service Academy Press

People Also Searched For



Herbert Feuerstein



Jerome Allen Seinfeld



Martin Hirsch



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Justia › Patents › Patents by Inventor Andrew Kapochunas

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Patents by Inventor Andrew Kapochunas

SYSTEM AND METHOD FOR DATA CLEANSING

Application number: 20110055252

Abstract: There is provided a method that includes (a) receiving an input postal address, (b) comparing the input postal address to a standard, (c) providing a single best postal address corresponding to the input postal address based on the comparing, (d) matching the single best postal address to a business in a business information database, (e) obtaining a business address for the business from the business information database, and (f) correcting the single best postal address, based on the business address, to yield a corrected postal address. There is also provided a system that performs the method, and a machine-readable medium having instructions stored thereon that cause the machine to perform the method.

Type: Application

Filed: February 25, 2010

Issued: March 3, 2011

Assignee: Dun & Bradstreet, Inc.

LITVAKSIG Members Web Site

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Links to Lithuanian Map Collections

[Options ▾](#)

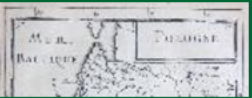
Andrew Kapochunas' collection of Lithuanian Maps

Andrew has assembled a wonderful collection of map images of Lithuania dating from 1482 to 2006. His collection includes views of Vilnius, Grodno, Lida and Troki.

Andrew will email specific images on request to LitvakSIG members - there is contact information at his site. If your goal is to examine a high-resolution image for possible mention of a specific town, such images typically exist either for maps which have 'DETAIL' images on the site following an image of the entire map, or for the pre-WWII topographical maps. In addition, identified sources for many of the images have "zoomable" versions of the maps which cannot be downloaded, but which will allow you to view even small towns.



1683 French edition



1683 French edition



1685 and 1719 German versions

- **Follow-up:** cartographer **Alain Manesson Mallet**. My October 16 commentary of the "Pologne" maps in Volume 4 of his 1683 five-volume "Description de l'Univers," said "*The literature -- and map sellers/dealers -- never distinguish between the two basic versions of this map: one more detailed than the other, with town names and labels, and a plain box cartouche on the upper right; the other with a simpler -- but more cartographically sophisticated/recent -- map, with no town labels, and a fancy cartouche on the upper left.*" Well, looking at the New York Public Library's copy of the first, 1683, edition of the atlas solved one mystery: the two maps appear together, on successive pages, in the same volume! So they cannot be used to distinguish different editions of the atlas. And in the Library's copy, there were two identical copies of the plain-box-cartouche map, in addition to the fancy-cartouche map, differing only in the verbiage under the map image. What also has become clear is that the German-language atlas version (1689 and 1719) of the map with the plain box cartouche has had all the labeling on the map reset, from Roman type in the original 1683 French edition to Italic type in the German-language editions, enabling more accurate attribution when the map or its image has been cropped

- **1607** G. Mercator (*cartographer*) - Hondius (*publisher*): "**Livonia**" (2.7 MB), from the Mercator-Hondius "Atlas Minor," the atlas from which the companion map on my site, "Lithuania," came. Compare with the 1621 version

- **1680** Janssonius Family (*mapmakers/publishers*) - Pitt (*publisher*): "**Nova Totvs Livoniae**" (1.5 MB), Amsterdam, in a late version from Pitt's "The English Atlas." The first edition of the map was 1636, displayed on this site, as well as versions from 1637, 1638, 1641 and 1642

- **1695** Swale - Child (*publishers*): "**Les Royaume de Pologne avec avec sans confins**" (311 KB), London, from "Thesaurus Geographicas, A New Body of Geography, or, A Compleat Description of the Earth." Swale worked with Moll and Morden, and one of them probably created this map

- **1714** Chatelain (*cartographer*): "**Carte Genealogique des Princes et Rois de Pologne et des Familles Roiales et Ducales de Piaste et de Iagelon...**" (*Map of the Genealogy of the Princes and Kings of Poland and their Royal Families, as well as of the Piaste and Jagiellonian dynasties...*)" (1.7 MB), Amsterdam. Includes two maps and 12 coats of arms. The Piaste Dynasty was the first ruling dynasty in Poland, beginning 960 with Prince Mieszko I, Poland's first Catholic ruler, and ending with the last Silesian Piaste, in 1675. The Jagiellonian Dynasty began in 1386 when newly baptized Lithuanian Grand Duke Jagiello married 13-year-old Polish Jadwiga, who had been crowned "King" of Poland in 1384. The dynasty was dissolved in 1572



Mieszko I, by Jan Matejko



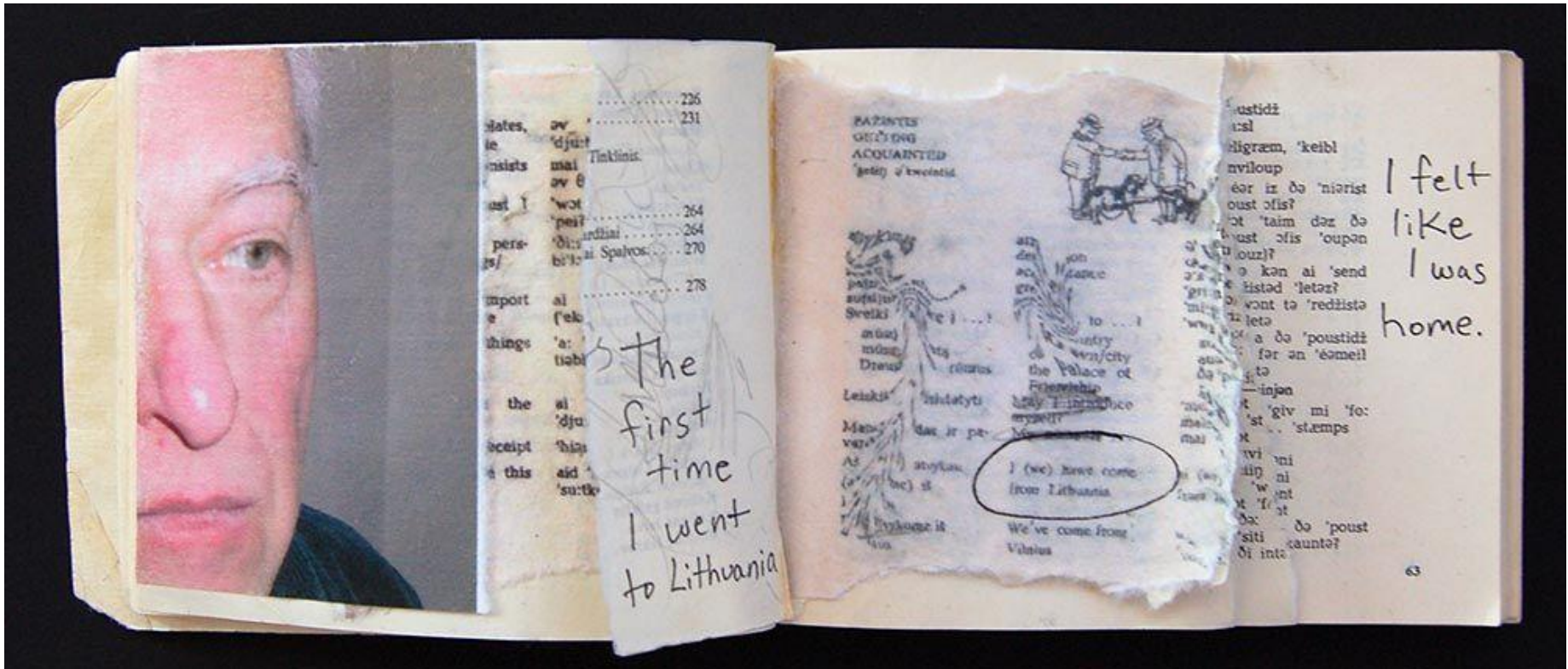
Grand Duke Jagiello (baptized "Wladyslaw")

- **1770** Seutter (*publisher*) - Lotter (*engraver*): "**Poloniae Regnum ut et Magni Ducat Lithuaniae...**" (1.2 MB), Augsburg. Compare with the versions published in 1740, 1744, 1750 and 1757

- **1796** von Reilly (*writer/cartographer/publisher*) - Sotzmann (*surveyor/cartographer*): "**Karte von Polen, Nach Sotzmann, neu verzeichnet...**" (*after Sotzmann, newly edited*) (1.6 MB), Vienna, in a second version showing the Commonwealth after the First, 1772, Partition



The earliest map on my site showing “Lithvaniae”: 1507-08 from the “Rome” edition of Ptolemy’s “Geographia,” created by Conrad Swenheym (who apprenticed with Guttenberg).



My wife (Aileen Bassis) used my image and comment in one of her artist books

Thank you!